Annual Financial Report
June 30, 2019



June 30, 2019

## Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Activities – Kansas City Public Library Foundation	16
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) – General Fund	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) – Gifts/Grants Fund	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) – Capital Development Fund	22
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	24
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	25
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	26
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of the Library's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	51
Schedule of Library Contributions	52
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	53

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards – Independent Auditor's Report	55
Schedule of Findings and Responses	57
Statistical Data Section (Unaudited)	
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	58
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	59
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	61
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	62
General Governmental Expenditures by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	63
General Governmental Revenues by Source – Last Ten Fiscal Years	64
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	65
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years	66
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments - Last Ten Fiscal Years	67
Principal Property Taxpayers - Current Year and Ten Years Ago	68
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita – Last Ten Fiscal Years	69
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Fund Expenditures – Last Ten Fiscal Years	70
Property Value, Construction and Bank Deposits - Last Ten Fiscal Years	71
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	72
Principal Employers – Current Year and Ten Years Ago	73
Full-Time and Part-Time Employees – Last Ten Fiscal Years	74
Capital Asset Statistics by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	75
Miscellaneous Statistical Data – Last Ten Fiscal Years	76
Circulation Summary by Location – Last Ten Fiscal Years	77
Schedule of Service Locations	78



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Trustees Kansas City Public Library Kansas City, Missouri

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit and each major fund of the Kansas City Public Library (the Library), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Board of Trustees Kansas City Public Library Page 2

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit and each major fund of the Kansas City Public Library, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements. The accompanying other information, including the statistical section as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Board of Trustees Kansas City Public Library Page 3

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2019, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kansas City, Missouri September 20, 2019

BKD,LLP

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

As management of the Kansas City Public Library (the "Library"), we offer readers of the Library's financial statements with this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Kansas City Public Library for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Library's financial statements which follow this narrative.

### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Kansas City Public Library exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$43,829,756 (net position).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Kansas City Public Library's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,358,906 an increase of \$892,390 in comparison with the prior year. The increase is primarily the result of a significant contribution received by the Library in the current fiscal year.
- Approximately 51.2% of the total fund balance, or \$9,404,964, is unassigned and available for spending at the Library's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$9,404,964 was 45.4% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Kansas City Public Library's total liabilities overall increased by \$2,552,404 during the current fiscal year. The net increase was primarily due to an increase in net pension liability, which was offset by a decrease of annual lease payments on outstanding long-term debt and a reduction in the value of accrued compensated absences and benefits payable.

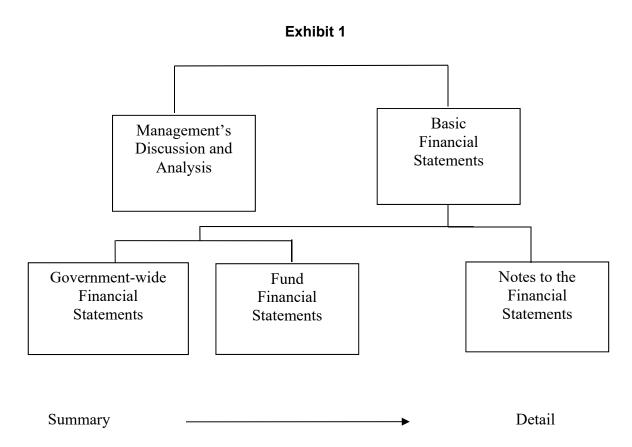
#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Kansas City Public Library's basic financial statements. The Library's basic financial statements consist of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements (see *Exhibit 1*). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Library through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains required supplementary information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Kansas City Public Library.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

## Required Components of Annual Financial Report



#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short- and long-term information about the Library's financial status.

The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Library's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **Required Supplementary Information** is provided to show details about pension information.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Library's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements provide short- and long-term information about the Library's financial status as a whole.

- 1. The statement of net position represents information on all the Library's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources, with the residual being reported as net position. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Library's financial condition.
- 2. The statement of activities presents information showing how the Library's net position changed during the year. This statement includes all of the Library's revenues and expenses, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements are Exhibits 2 and 3 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Library's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Kansas City Public Library, like other governmental entities in Missouri, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Library's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Kansas City Public Library can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

1. Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Library's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine if there are more or fewer financial resources available to finance the Library's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

An annual budget is prepared in accordance with Missouri state statutes for estimated revenues within the General Fund, itemized by source, and for proposed expenditures for each department and branch, itemized by object and activity. Annual budgets are also adopted for total revenues and expenditures (excluding itemizations by object and activity) of the individual Special Revenue Funds. All budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budgetary statements are provided for the general and major special revenue funds.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

Funds demonstrate how well the Library succeeded in providing the services planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statements use the budgetary basis of accounting and are presented using the same format, language and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement presents four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations and changes in fund balance; and 4) the variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

2. **Proprietary Funds** – The Kansas City Public Library maintains one proprietary fund, an enterprise fund, which is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Library uses its enterprise fund to account for the operation of the Library's parking garage, which is used by both Library patrons and other customers.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Kansas City Public Library's pension information.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

## Kansas City Public Library's Net Position Exhibit 2

	Governmental Activities									
	2019	2018	Increase (Decrease)							
Other assets Capital assets	\$ 20,216,185 46,611,838	\$ 19,039,344 47,880,176	\$ 1,176,841 (1,268,338)							
Total assets	66,828,023	66,919,520	(91,497)							
Deferred outflows of resources	3,221,532	2,880,498	341,034							
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	70,049,555	69,800,018	249,537							
Long-term liabilities Unearned revenue Other liabilities	2,689,685 9,900,173 17,782,564	3,494,808 10,013,349 14,316,361	(805,123) (113,176) 3,466,203							
Total liabilities	30,372,422	27,824,518	2,547,904							
Deferred inflows of resources	457,668	602,490	(144,822)							
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	30,830,090	28,427,008	2,403,082							
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	33,614,592 5,438,140 166,733	34,271,827 5,652,573 1,448,610	(657,235) (214,433) (1,281,877)							
Total net position	\$ 39,219,465	\$ 41,373,010	\$ (2,153,545)							
	Bus	siness-type Activ								
	2019	2018	Increase (Decrease)							
Other assets Capital assets	\$ 445,090 4,169,701	\$ 417,951 4,255,556	\$ 27,139 (85,855)							
Total assets	4,614,791	4,673,507	(58,716)							
Accounts payable	4,500		4,500							
Total liabilities	4,500		4,500							
Net position  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted	4,169,701 440,590	4,255,556 417,951	(85,855) 22,639							
Total net position	\$ 4,610,291	\$ 4,673,507	\$ (63,216)							

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

As noted earlier, the net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Kansas City Public Library exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$43,829,756 as of June 30, 2019. The Library's net position decreased by \$2,216,761 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The largest portion of the net position (86.2%) reflects the Library's net investment in capital assets. The Kansas City Public Library uses these capital assets to provide services to customers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The remaining portion of the Kansas City Public Library's net position is comprised of restricted net position of \$5,438,140 (which consists of the Gifts and Grants, Endowment and Capital Development Funds) and unrestricted net position of \$607,323.

## Kansas City Public Library's Changes in Net Position Exhibit 3

	Governmental Activities							
						Increase		
		2019		2018	(I	Decrease)		
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	837,037	\$	810,666	\$	26,371		
Operating grants and contributions		2,488,204		1,319,311		1,168,893		
Capital grants and contributions		-		358,200		(358,200)		
General revenues								
Property taxes		19,153,517		18,002,841		1,150,676		
Interest and dividend income		457,417		309,654		147,763		
Net change in fair value of investments		22,957		(11,522)		34,479		
Other		82,593		138,892		(56,299)		
Total revenues		23,041,725		20,928,042		2,113,683		
Program expenses								
Salaries and fringe benefits		14,328,308		12,119,952		2,208,356		
Library materials		2,242,771		2,291,248		(48,477)		
General operating		3,425,003		2,910,117		514,886		
Building operations and maintenance		3,037,281		2,735,313		301,968		
Other expenses and transfers		2,161,907		2,083,464		78,443		
Total expenses and transfers		25,195,270		22,140,094		3,055,176		
Change in Net Position		(2,153,545)		(1,212,052)		(941,493)		
Net Position, Beginning of Year		41,373,010		42,585,062		(1,212,052)		
Net Position, End of Year	\$	39,219,465	\$	41,373,010	\$	(2,153,545)		

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities								
		2019		2018	Increase (Decrease)				
Revenues									
Program revenues									
Charges for services	\$	573,717	\$	566,734	\$	6,983			
Non-operating									
Transfers		(165,000)		(165,000)					
Total revenues and transfers		408,717		401,734		6,983			
Program expenses									
General operating		471,933		441,230		30,703			
Total expenses		471,933		441,230		30,703			
Change in Net Position		(63,216)		(39,496)		(23,720)			
Net Position, Beginning of Year		4,673,507		4,713,003		(39,496)			
Net Position, End of Year	\$	4,610,291	\$	4,673,507	\$	(63,216)			

#### Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased the Library's net position by \$2,153,545. The key elements of this net decrease were depreciation of capital assets and an increase in net pension liability.

### **Business-type Activities**

Business-type activities reflected a decrease to the Kansas City Public Library's net position of \$63,216. The key element of this net decrease was increased program expenses.

## Financial Analysis of the Library's Funds

As noted earlier, the Kansas City Public Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the Kansas City Public Library's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Kansas City Public Library's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Kansas City Public Library. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$9,404,964 while total fund balance reached \$10,677,215. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 45.4% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 51.5% of that same amount.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of the Kansas City Public Library reported a combined fund balance of \$18,358,906, an overall increase of \$892,390 in comparison with the prior year. The increase is primarily in the Gifts/Grants Fund which had an increase of \$974,157 in part due to the receipt of a major contribution. The General Fund and Endowment Fund had minimal changes in the fund balance. The Capital Development Fund had a decrease due to the completion and spending down of funds for maintenance and capital projects.

## General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Library revised the General Fund operating budget. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

The following summarizes significant variations between the amounts budgeted and the actual amounts for the General Fund:

- Salaries and Fringe Benefits Salaries and Fringe Benefits were lower than projected.
- General Operating

   General Operating expenditures were lower than projected.
- Building Operations and Maintenance; and Debt Service Building Operations and
  Maintenance expenditures were more than projected and Debt Service Principal retirement
  expenditures which were more than projected due to the budget placement for lease payments on
  long-term debt.

Overall, the General Fund's actual expenditures were \$20,726,232 or 99.8% of the total budgeted expenditures of \$20,771,689.

### Capital Assets

The Kansas City Public Library's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$50,781,539 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, furniture and equipment and the library collection.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Library materials' addition of \$1,946,621 and reduction of \$3,163,839.
- Automated Material Handling System totaling \$313,407.
- Computer upgrades and replacements totaling \$215,369.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

# Kansas City Public Library's Capital Assets Exhibit 4

		Gov	ities							
		2019		2018		Increase Decrease)				
Land Buildings Vehicles Furniture, fixtures, equipment and artwork Library collection Leasehold improvements Construction in progress	\$	3,529,876 33,247,758 4,872 2,970,630 5,899,826 599,789 359,087	\$	3,529,876 34,614,215 5,758 3,162,057 5,939,296 628,974	\$	(1,366,457) (886) (191,427) (39,470) (29,185) 359,087				
	\$	46,611,838	\$	47,880,176	\$	(1,268,338)				
	Business-type Activities									
		2019	2018	Increase (Decrease)						
Land Buildings Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$	2,520,000 1,526,652 123,049	\$	2,520,000 1,586,521 149,035	\$	(59,869) (25,986)				
	\$	4,169,701	\$	4,255,556	\$	(85,855)				

Additional information on the Library's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the basic financial statements.

## Long-term Liabilities

As of June 30, 2019, the Kansas City Public Library had total long-term liabilities of \$2,689,685 due in more than one year. Of this, \$2,635,000 is for an outstanding lease payable, and \$54,685 is for the employees' compensated absences and benefits.

Additional information regarding the Kansas City Public Library's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 6 of this report.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets**

#### Governmental Activities

A General Fund Operating Budget of \$23,768,832 for fiscal year 2019-2020 will be proposed, which is \$2,997,143 or 14.4% more than the previous year. Property tax revenues are projected to increase significantly due to the passage of an 8-cent tax levy increase for the Library in November 2018. Expenditures are increased in all categories as the Library plans for increased programming and services, including significant funding in capital outlay for branch renovations. The Library continues to benefit from temporary grant revenue streams, which support programming activities for the next year.

## **Business-type Activities**

The proposed operating budget for the Library Parking Garage for fiscal year 2019–2020 will be \$660,000, which is \$150,000 more than the previous year. Revenues are expected to be the same as the previous year and capital expenditures are increased to allow for additional capital projects and major maintenance.

### Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Library's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Chief Financial Officer, Kansas City Public Library, 14 West 10th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64105.



# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

		y Governmer	nt		Co	mponent Unit
	vernmental	siness-type	T - 1 - 1	_	KCPL	
	 Activities	 Activities		Total	Fo	undation
Assets	12 120 011		•	12.062.202	<b>.</b>	105.001
Deposits and investments	\$ 13,428,041	\$ 434,344	\$	13,862,385	\$	195,291
Receivables (net of allowance for						
doubtful accounts)	069 220			069 220		
Property taxes  Due from other governments	968,330 45,189	-		968,330 45,189		-
Interest	27,948	-		27,948		-
Other	96,383	10,746		107,129		-
Restricted deposits and investments	5,648,765	10,740		5,648,765		-
Prepaid interest on investments	1,529	-		1,529		-
Capital assets, non-depreciable	4,157,472	2,520,000		6,677,472		-
Capital assets, depreciable	42,454,366	1,649,701		44,104,067		-
		 				105.001
Total assets	 66,828,023	 4,614,791	_	71,442,814		195,291
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension</b>	 3,221,532	 -		3,221,532		-
Total assets and deferred outflows						
of resources	\$ 70,049,555	\$ 4,614,791	\$	74,664,346	\$	195,291
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 661,195	\$ 4,500	\$	665,695	\$	-
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes	564,708	-		564,708		-
Accrued interest payable	4,992	-		4,992		-
Unearned revenue	9,900,173	-		9,900,173		-
Compensated absences and benefits payable						
Due within one year	1,217,558	-		1,217,558		-
Due in more than one year	54,685	-		54,685		-
Retirement system contribution						
Due within one year	16,683	-		16,683		-
Lease payable						
Due within one year	485,000	-		485,000		-
Due in more than one year	2,635,000	-		2,635,000		-
Net pension liability	 14,832,428	 -		14,832,428		-
Total liabilities	 30,372,422	 4,500	_	30,376,922	-	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	 457,668	 -		457,668		-
Total liabilities and deferred inflows						
of resources	 30,830,090	 4,500		30,834,590		-
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	33,614,592	4,169,701		37,784,293		-
Restricted						
Permanently restricted	3,059,003	-		3,059,003		-
Capital improvements	1,153,724	-		1,153,724		-
Programming requirements	1,225,413	-		1,225,413		-
Unrestricted	 166,733	 440,590		607,323		195,291
Total net position	 39,219,465	 4,610,291		43,829,756		195,291
Total liabilities, deferred inflows			_		_	
of resources and net position	\$ 70,049,555	\$ 4,614,791	\$	74,664,346	\$	195,291

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net (Expense) Revenue and

					Prog	ıram Revenue	s		Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Functions/Programs Expenses		Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and ctions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions		ts and	G	overnmental Activities	Primary Government Business-type Activities			Total	
Primary Government														
Governmental activities	Φ.	25 202 000	¢.	927 927	Φ.	2 400 204	¢.		Φ.	(21.0/7.7/7)	Φ.		Φ.	(21.0(7.7(7)
Program services Interest expense	\$	25,293,008 67,262	\$	837,037	\$	2,488,204	\$		\$	(21,967,767) (67,262)	\$		\$	(21,967,767) (67,262)
Total governmental activities		25,360,270		837,037		2,488,204				(22,035,029)				(22,035,029)
Business-type activities														
Parking garage	_	471,933		573,717								101,784		101,784
Total business-type activities		471,933		573,717								101,784		101,784
Total primary government	\$	25,832,203	\$	1,410,754	\$	2,488,204	\$	-		(22,035,029)		101,784		(21,933,245)
General Revenues														
Property taxes, levied for general														
purpose										19,153,517		-		19,153,517
Unrestricted investment earnings										480,374		-		480,374
Other  Total general revenues										82,593 19,716,484		-		82,593 19,716,484
Other Income/Expenses														
Interfund transfers										165,000		(165,000)		<u>-</u>
Change in Net Position										(2,153,545)		(63,216)		(2,216,761)
Net Position, Beginning of Year										41,373,010		4,673,507		46,046,517
Net Position, End of Year									\$	39,219,465	\$	4,610,291	\$	43,829,756

## **Statement of Activities**

# **Kansas City Public Library Foundation** (A Component Unit of Kansas City Public Library) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Income	
Contributions	\$ 1,600
Interest income	10,329
Total income	11,929
Expenses	
Project expenditures	4,264
Administrative fees	5,124
Total expenses	9,388
Change in Net Assets	2,541
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	192,750
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 195.291

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Major Funds Capital										
			General Endowment Gifts/Grants D						Total Governmenta Funds		
Assets								Fund			
Deposits and investments Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts)	\$ 1	1,184,490	\$	111,136	\$	2,132,415	\$	-	\$	13,428,041	
Property taxes		968,330		_		-		_		968,330	
Due from other governments Due from other funds		45,189		-		-		- -		45,189	
Interest		27,948		-		-		-		27,948	
Other		14,799		-		81,584		-		96,383	
Prepaid interest on investments Restricted deposits and investments		1,529		3,059,003		1,166,010		1,423,752		1,529 5,648,765	
Total assets	\$ 12	2,242,285	\$	3,170,139	\$	3,380,009	\$	1,423,752	\$	20,216,185	
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	368,986	\$	_	\$	22,181	\$	270,028	\$	661,195	
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes	Ψ	564,708	Ψ	_	Ψ.	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	564,708	
Pension contribution payable		16,683		_		_		_		16,683	
Due to other funds		-		_		-		_		_	
Unearned revenue		22,927				<u>-</u>				22,927	
Total liabilities		973,304		_		22,181		270,028		1,265,513	
D.C. 11.00 CD											
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenues, property taxes		591,766	_		_		_			591,766	
Total deferred inflows											
of resources		591,766								591,766	
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable											
Endowment fund principal Restricted		-		3,059,003		-		-		3,059,003	
Capital improvements		-		-		1 225 412		1,153,724		1,153,724	
Programming requirements Committed		-		-		1,225,413		-		1,225,413	
Endowment fund						2,132,415				2,132,415	
Assigned		_		_		2,132,413		_		2,132,413	
Compensated absences		1,272,251		_		_		_		1,272,251	
Endowment fund		-,-,-,		111,136		_		_		111,136	
Unassigned											
General fund	9	9,404,964								9,404,964	
Total fund balances	10	0,677,215		3,170,139		3,357,828		1,153,724		18,358,906	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund								_			
balances	\$ 12	2,242,285	\$	3,170,139	\$	3,380,009	\$	1,423,752	\$	20,216,185	
Fund balances of governmental funds									\$	18,358,906	
<del>-</del>		Ct t	CNL	D ''	·cc	. 1			φ	10,550,500	
Amounts reported for governmental activitie											
Capital assets used in governmental acti reported in the funds	ivities ar	e not financ	ial res	ources and, th	erefor	e, are not				46,611,838	
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued expenditures when due	d in gove	ernmental fu	ınds, b	out rather is re	cogniz	zed as				(4,992)	
Long-term and unmatured liabilities for	items su	ich as comp	ensate	d absences, le	ase pa	yable					
and unearned rental revenue are not c in the governmental funds statements	urrent ol	oligations ar	nd, the	refore, not rec	orded					(14,269,489)	
Deferred inflows of resources in the fun	nd statem	ents								591,766	
Deferred outflows of resources in the go	overnme	ntal activitie	es rela	ted to pension	s and	not recorded					
in the fund statements  Deferred inflows of resources in the gov	vernmon	tal activities	relata	ed to pensions	and -	ot recorded				3,221,532	
in the fund statements	vermmen	iai activities	relate	a to pensions	ана п	ot recorded				(457,668)	
Net pension liability in the governmenta	al activit	ies related to	o pens	ions and not r	ecord	ed in the fund	statem	ents		(14,832,428)	
Net position of governmental acti			•						\$	39,219,465	
position of governmental acti									φ	27,417,703	

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Major Funds									
	Ge	neral Fund	Endowment Fund		Gifts/Grants Fund		Capital Development Fund		Go	Total overnmental Funds	
Revenues											
Property taxes	\$	19,068,377	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,068,377	
Grants		-		-		511,375		-		511,375	
State and federal funds		246,829		-		-		-		246,829	
Charges for services		837,037		-		-		-		837,037	
Investment income		309,913		70,357		100,104		-		480,374	
Contributions		96,706		130		1,511,223		-		1,608,059	
Other		82,593						<u>-</u>		82,593	
Total revenues		20,641,455		70,487		2,122,702		-		22,834,644	
Expenditures											
Current											
Program services											
Salaries and fringe benefits		11,698,015		-		169,853		-		11,867,868	
Library materials		2,150,866		-		91,905		-		2,242,771	
General operating		2,918,809		-		433,731		72,463		3,425,003	
Building operations and maintenance		2,988,881		-		49,724		32,676		3,071,281	
Capital outlay		425,637		-		6,693		523,977		956,307	
Debt service											
Principal retirement		475,000		-		-		-		475,000	
Interest		69,024						<u> </u>		69,024	
Total expenditures		20,726,232		-		751,906		629,116		22,107,254	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(84,777)		70,487		1,370,796		(629,116)		727,390	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers from other funds		640,269		2,559		54,909		500,000		1,197,737	
Transfers to other funds		(515,683)		(46,795)		(451,548)		(18,711)		(1,032,737)	
Total other financing sources and uses		124,586		(44,236)		(396,639)		481,289		165,000	
Net change in fund balance		39,809		26,251		974,157		(147,827)		892,390	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		10,637,406		3,143,888		2,383,671		1,301,551		17,466,516	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	10,677,215	\$	3,170,139	\$	3,357,828	\$	1,153,724	\$	18,358,906	

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 892,390
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital outlay and library material costs in excess of capitalization threshold Depreciation Loss on capital disposal	2,902,928 (4,171,140)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	(126)
Change in deferred inflows of resources Amortization of unearned rent	85,140 121,941
The issuance of debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal and long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:	
Repayment of principal on lease payable  Interest expense on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as	475,000
an expenditure when due  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	762
Change in unmatured compensated absences payable Change in net pension liability Change in pension deferred outflows/inflows	336,564 (3,282,860) 485,856
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,153,545)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund				
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
	Budget	Budget	Amounts	Over (Under)	
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 17,972,297	\$ 19,118,905	\$ 19,068,377	\$ (50,528)	
Grants	25,000	25,000	-	(25,000)	
State and federal funds	301,312	301,312	246,829	(54,483)	
Charges for services	686,670	686,670	837,037	150,367	
Investment income	226,500	226,500	309,913	83,413	
Contributions	130,000	130,000	96,706	(33,294)	
Other	150,000	150,000	82,593	(67,407)	
Total revenues	19,491,779	20,638,387	20,641,455	3,068	
Expenditures					
Current					
Program services					
Salaries and fringe benefits	11,861,834	12,071,834	11,698,015	(373,819)	
Library materials	2,140,270	2,140,270	2,150,866	10,596	
General operating	2,741,011	3,181,011	2,918,809	(262,202)	
Building operations and maintenance	2,853,574	2,853,574	2,988,881	135,307	
Capital outlay	525,000	525,000	425,637	(99,363)	
Debt service				, , ,	
Principal retirement	-	-	475,000	475,000	
Interest			69,024	69,024	
Total expenditures	20,121,689	20,771,689	20,726,232	(45,457)	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(629,910)	(133,302)	(84,777)	48,525	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from other funds	651,000	651,000	640,269	(10,731)	
Transfers to other funds		(500,000)	(515,683)	(15,683)	
Total other financing sources					
and uses	651,000	151,000	124,586	(26,414)	
Excess of revenues and other					
financing sources over					
expenditures and other					
financing uses - GAAP basis	\$ 21,090	\$ 17,698	\$ 39,809	\$ 22,111	

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Gifts/Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Gifts/Grants Fund						
		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Fir	Variance With nal Budget ver (Under)
Revenues and Expenditures							
Total revenues	\$	1,732,433	\$	1,732,433	\$ 2,122,702	\$	390,269
Total expenditures		1,442,948		1,442,948	 751,906		(691,042)
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures		289,485		289,485	 1,370,796		1,081,311
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers from other funds		-		-	54,909		54,909
Transfers to other funds		(486,000)		(486,000)	 (451,548)		34,452
Total other financing sources							
and uses		(486,000)		(486,000)	 (396,639)		89,361
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses -							
GAAP basis	\$	(196,515)	\$	(196,515)	\$ 974,157	\$	1.170.672

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Capital Development Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
\$ 1,500,000	\$ -	\$ (1,500,000)		
2,480,000	629,116	(1,850,884)		
(080 000)	(629 116)	350,884		
(980,000)	(029,110)	330,884		
500,000	500,000	-		
	(18,711)	(18,711)		
500,000	481,289	(18,711)		
¢ (490,000)	¢ (147,927)	\$ 332,173		
	\$ 1,500,000 2,480,000 (980,000) 500,000	Budget       Amounts         \$ 1,500,000 \$ - 2,480,000       629,116         (980,000)       (629,116)         500,000 \$ 500,000 \$ (18,711)         500,000 \$ 481,289		

# Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund - Parking Garage	
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	434,344
Other receivables		10,746
Total current assets		445,090
Capital assets		
Land, non-depreciable		2,520,000
Capital assets, net of depreciation		1,649,701
		, ,
Total assets	\$	4,614,791
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accrued accounts payable	\$	4,500
Total liabilities		4,500
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		4,169,701
Unrestricted		440,590
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total net position		4,610,291
Total liabilities and net position	¢.	4 (14 701
Total habilities and net position	\$	4,614,791

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund - Parking Garage
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 573,717
Total operating revenues	573,717
Operating Expenses	
Operations and maintenance	386,079
Depreciation	85,854
Total operating expenses	471,933
Operating Income	101,784
Transfers	
Transfers to other funds	(165,000)
Change in Net Position	(63,216)
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	4,673,507
Total Net Position, End of Year	_\$ 4,610,291

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund - Parking Garage		
Operating Activities			
Cash received from customers	\$	620,366	
Cash paid for goods and services		(381,579)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		238,787	
Noncapital Financing Activities			
Contributions to general fund		(165,000)	
		(1.67.000)	
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(165,000)	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		73,787	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		360,557	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	434,344	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities			
Operating income	\$	101,784	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities			
Depreciation		85,854	
Changes in assets and liabilities		05,054	
Change in other receivables		46,649	
		-,	
Total adjustments		137,003	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	238,787	

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

## Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Reporting Entity

Pursuant to enacted legislation and approval of voters, the Kansas City Public Library (the Library) was established as a separate and distinct political subdivision of the State of Missouri as of November 29, 1988. Prior to that time, the Library was accounted for as a fund of The School District of Kansas City, Missouri (the District). In accordance with the state statute creating the separate library district, the Library is governed by a nine-member Board of Trustees, initially appointed by the Board of Directors of the District. Successor trustees are appointed by the mayors of the cities served by the Library. At the time of separation, the Library was entitled to levy property taxes to fund operations at the same rate in effect prior to November 29, 1988. In 1996, the voters of the Kansas City Public Library District approved an increase in the Library's levy to the current rate.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

Kansas City Library Building Corporation is governed by a three-member self-perpetuating Board of Directors initially named in the Articles of Incorporation, and otherwise, appointed by the Board of Trustees of the Library. Although it is legally separate from the Library, Kansas City Library Building Corporation is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole function is providing for the acquisition, construction, improvement, extension, repair, remodeling, renovation and financing of public library sites, buildings, structures, facilities, furnishings and equipment for the benefit or use of the Library. The activities of Kansas City Library Building Corporation are included in the accompanying financial statements as part of the Capital Development Fund. Kansas City Library Building Corporation does not have separately issued financial statements.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Kansas City Public Library Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation or KCPL Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the Library. The Foundation's primary function is to raise and hold funds for the Greater Kansas City Community Foundation (GKCCF) in its support of the Library and its programs.

Although the Library does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of the Foundation's resources and related income are designated by donors for the benefit of the Library. Because these designated resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the Library, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the Library and is discretely presented in the Library's financial statements.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Foundation provided support to the Library in the amount of \$4,264.

The Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports under the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC). As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's statements in the Library's financial reporting entity for these differences.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Basis of Presentation

The Library's financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Library and discretely presented component units as a whole) and the Library's fund financial statements (reporting the Library's major funds).

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Library, the primary government, as a whole, including the discretely presented component unit. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities*. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each program of the governmental activities. Expenses are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Library.

The Library's net position is reported in three parts—net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Library first utilizes restricted resources to finance restricted activities.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Library as an entity and the change in the Library's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Library. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

The major governmental funds of the Library are described below:

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Library. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in a different fund.

## **Endowment Fund**

The Endowment Fund is a permanent fund that accounts for assets held by the Library as a legal trustee in situations requiring that the principal be preserved intact and only the income from these assets be expended on behalf of the Library as designated by the Board of Trustees or the donor.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Gifts/Grants Fund

The Gifts/Grants Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the funds received from grants or donors with restrictions on the expenditure for specified purposes, excluding capital development.

#### Capital Development Fund

The Capital Development Fund is a special revenue fund that is designated to collect and channel assets for future capital improvement for the Library.

## Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

#### Parking Garage Fund

The Parking Garage Fund is used to account for the principal operations of the parking garage. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Library gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, can include certain grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, the governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund financial statements.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

### Revenue Recognition

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, certain revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available (collectible within two months of year-end and available to pay obligations of the current period). This includes investment earnings and certain operating grants. Reimbursements due for federally funded projects are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Expenditure Recognition**

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

#### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource measurement focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operation of the Library's proprietary fund is the operation of the Library's parking garage which results in charges for services to both Library patrons and other customers. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Library has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

## **Budgets**

An annual budget is prepared in accordance with Missouri state statutes for estimated revenues within the General Fund, itemized by source, and for proposed expenditures for each department and branch, itemized by object and activity. Annual budgets are also adopted for total revenues and expenditures (excluding itemizations of details) of the individual Special Revenue Funds. All budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budgetary statements and schedules presented in this report are based on GAAP, which is considered to be the budgetary basis of accounting.

On or before the 31<sup>st</sup> day of August of each year, the Board of Trustees adopts a final budget for the year and fixes the ad valorem property tax rates to produce the revenue required to meet the amounts contained in the budget.

The annual budget is officially adopted by a majority vote of the Board of Trustees in summary format for the General Fund and in total for the Special Revenue Funds. The Library Director has the authority to amend the budget summary by interline budget transfers of \$50,000 or less for the year. Programmatic modifications of any amount may be made by the Library Director as long as they have no impact on the budget summary. Budgetary amendments in excess of \$50,000 require formal approval of the Board of Trustees.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

State statutes provide that proposed expenditures from any individual fund shall not exceed the estimated revenues to be received plus any unencumbered balance or less any deficit estimated for the beginning of the budget year.

## Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Library participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, Public School Retirement System of the School District of Kansas City, Missouri (the Plan). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

State statutes authorize the Library to invest in open-time deposits; certificates of deposit; bonds of the state of Missouri, of the United States or of any wholly owned corporation of the United States; or in other short-term obligations of the United States.

In accordance with state statutes and Library policy, the Library invests its idle cash in repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities or federal agency discount notes with maturities of generally less than three months. Securities underlying a repurchase agreement must have a market value of at least 100% of the cost of the repurchase agreement. Securities underlying repurchase agreements are held as collateral at the Federal Reserve Bank.

Collateral is required by state statutes for demand deposits. The fair value of the collateral must equal 100% of deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are governed by state statute and include U.S. government and government agency bonds and securities; general obligation bonds of any of the 50 states; general obligation bonds of any Missouri county, certain cities and special districts; and revenue bonds of certain Missouri agencies. Obligations pledged to secure deposits are delivered to the Library's account at the Federal Reserve Bank.

At June 30, 2019, the balance sheet category "Deposits and Investments" consisted of demand deposits, certificates of deposit, federal agency securities, money market funds and repurchase agreements. Such balances are stated at fair value, which approximates cost.

Investment income consists of interest and dividend income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

## **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the County Assessor based on the assessed valuation of taxable property as of the preceding January 1. Taxes are due and payable by November 1 following the levy date and become delinquent after December 31, after which the Library may attach a lien to all property on which taxes are unpaid. The County Collector is responsible for the collection and distribution of property taxes. For this service, the county retains 1.6% of collections. The tax levy assessed for 2018 was \$.5065 per \$100 of assessed valuation and supports general Library operations.

Property taxes receivable has been reported net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes totaling \$968,330 for levies in 2014 through 2018. All uncollected taxes related to 2013 and prior have been written off.

## Capital Assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date donated. Capital assets are not included in the governmental fund financial statements, but are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Capital assets are defined as items such as land, buildings and equipment as well as infrastructure assets as a result of implementing GASB 34. The management of the Library has determined, however, that it has no infrastructure assets.

The Library's policy is to capitalize items that individually cost more than \$5,000, except for computer equipment and library materials, which are typically purchased in groups and are capitalized on that basis.

The Library collection assets (books, media, etc.) acquired for general governmental purposes are reported as library material expenditures in the fund that finances the asset acquisition and are capitalized in the government-wide statements at cost (or estimated historical cost). The Library follows the policy of recording Library collection retirements at the average cost per category of all remaining items prior to recording the current year additions and retirements.

Capital assets of the Library are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type	Estimated Useful Life In Years		
Buildings and improvements	37		
Equipment, furniture, fixtures and vehicles	7		
Library collection	7		
Computer equipment	5		

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Unearned Revenue

The Library reports unearned revenue on its governmental funds balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the Library before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the Library has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the governmental funds balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

#### Insurance

The Library is insured by private carriers for property damage, personal injury and public official liability. The Library has a blanket fidelity policy for all employees.

Judgments and claims in excess of policy limits are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. There have been no judgments or claims in excess of policy limits for the past four fiscal years. Additionally, there were no significant reductions in coverage from prior years.

The Library provides medical, dental, life, long-term disability and workers' compensation insurance coverage for employees through private insurance carriers.

#### Net Position Classifications

As noted previously, in the government-wide statements, net position is classified and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of deferred rent and any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the Library's governmental funds are displayed in five components:

Nonspendable – amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

**Restricted** – amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** – amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by approval of the Board of Trustees. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Library taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

**Assigned** – amounts intended to be used by the Library for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

**Unassigned** – the residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The Library considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Library applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Compensated Absences

All full-time, nonprofessional Library employees earn annual vacation leave at the rate of three weeks for one to five years of service and four weeks for more than five years of service. All full-time, professional personnel earn annual vacation leave of four weeks. Employees are subject to maximum vacation carryover of 320 hours. Earned benefits are payable upon termination or retirement.

Full-time Library employees accumulate sick leave at the rate of one day per month, floating holidays at the rate of four days per year and personal business days at the rate of 2.5 days per year. Employees vest in accumulated sick leave at a rate of 3% per year, while floating holidays and personal business days accumulate to a combined maximum of 6.5 days. Beginning July 1, 2012, all new employees are subject to maximum sick leave carryover of 900 hours. To the extent vested, sick leave benefits, unused floating holidays and personal business days are payable upon termination. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 16, all employer-related costs of vacation and sick leave are accrued and recorded when earned. The estimated liability for compensated absences has been assigned by management to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and is shown as an assigned fund balance in the General Fund. The long-term liability for compensated absences has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Grants**

Reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenue when the related expenditures are incurred.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Inter-fund Activity

During the course of normal operations, the Library transfers funds to provide services and construct assets. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such activity as transfers. For the purpose of the statement of activities, any inter-fund activity between Governmental Funds has been eliminated.

#### Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash on hand, cash in demand accounts and repurchase agreements with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2: Deposits and Investments

At June 30, 2019, the carrying values of deposits and investments, which approximate cost, are summarized as follows:

Deposits and investments	
Deposits	\$ (322,809)
Certificates of deposit	3,430,000
Repurchase agreement	12,449,000
GKCCF pooled investments	2,132,415
Federal agency securities	1,822,544
Total	\$ 19,511,150

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The carrying value of deposits and investments are included in the financial statements as follows:

Primary government	
Deposits and investments	\$ 13,862,385
Restricted deposits and investments	5,648,765
Total	\$ 19,511,150

#### Credit Risk

The credit risk for investments is the possibility that the issuer/counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. Presented below is the actual rating by Moody's Investor Service as of year-end for each investment type:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Rating as of June 30, 2019
Repurchase agreement Federal agency securities	\$ 12,449,000 1,822,544	(Unrated) Aaa
Total	\$ 14,271,544	

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Library will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Library will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Library's policy is to collateralize the demand deposits and repurchase agreements with securities held by the financial institution's agent and in the Library's name. Because security investments were held by the financial institution and in the Library's name, none of the Library's deposits or investments was exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2019.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Library's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Library has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

As of June 30, 2019, the Library had the following investments and original maturities:

•		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Investment Type	Total Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 - 5				
Repurchase agreement Federal agency securities	\$ 12,449,000 1,822,544	\$ 12,449,000 323,504	\$ - 1,499,040				
Total	\$ 14,271,544	\$ 12,772,504	\$ 1,499,040				

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2019, investments, subject to credit risk categorization, in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total Library's investments, are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Total Fair Value			
Federal Home Loan Bank Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp GKCCF Pooled Investments	U.S. Agency Obligations U.S. Agency Obligations External investment pool	\$ 1,499,040 323,504 2,132,415			
UMB Bank, n.a.  Total	Repurchase Agreement	\$ 16,403,959			
Investment Income  Investment income for the year ended June 30  Interest and dividend income  Net increase in fair value of investments	), 2019 consisted of:	\$ 457,417 22,957			
		\$ 480,374			

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

## Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

		Beginning Balances		Increases	D	ecreases	Transfers		Ending Balances
<b>Governmental Activities</b>									
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	3,529,876	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,529,876
Artwork		268,509		-		-	-		268,509
Construction in progress		-		359,087		-			359,087
Total capital assets,				_		_			_
not being depreciated		3,798,385		359,087		-			4,157,472
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Buildings		51,241,836		-		-	-		51,241,836
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		12,959,026		597,220		92,100	-		13,464,146
Library collection		11,995,017		1,946,621		3,163,839	-		10,777,799
Vehicles		49,390		-		_	-		49,390
Leasehold improvements		1,138,208		_		-	-		1,138,208
Total capital assets,							1		
being depreciated		77,383,477		2,543,841		3,255,939	-		76,671,379
Less accumulated depreciation for							•		
Buildings		16,627,621		1,366,457		_	_		17,994,078
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		10,065,478		788,521		91,974	_		10,762,025
Library collection		6,055,721		1,986,091		3,163,839	_		4,877,973
Vehicles		43,632		886		-	_		44,518
Leasehold improvements		509,234		29,185		_	_		538,419
Total accumulated depreciation	-	33,301,686	_	4,171,140		3,255,813			34,217,013
Total capital assets being	-	33,301,000		1,171,110		3,233,013	•		3 1,217,013
depreciated, net		44,081,791		(1,627,299)		126	_		42,454,366
Governmental activities	_	,001,771	_	(1,027,200)		120			.2, .2 .,5 00
capital assets, net	\$	47,880,176	\$	(1,268,212)	\$	126	\$ -	\$	46,611,838
<b>Business-type Activities</b>									
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	2,520,000	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,520,000
Total capital assets,									
not being depreciated		2,520,000				-			2,520,000
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Buildings		2,215,142		-		-	-		2,215,142
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		257,317		-		-	-		257,317
Total capital assets, being							•		
depreciated		2,472,459		_		_	-		2,472,459
Less accumulated depreciation for	1		_				-		
Buildings		620 621		59,869					699 400
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		628,621 108,282		25,986		-	-		688,490
1 1									134,268
Total accumulated depreciation		736,903		85,855		-			822,758
Total capital assets being		1 725 556		(05 055)					1 640 701
depreciated, net		1,735,556		(85,855)					1,649,701
Business-type activities		1 255 555		(05.055)			e.	•	4 1 ( 0 7 0 1
capital assets, net	\$	4,255,556	\$	(85,855)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,169,701

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 4: Employee Retirement Plan

#### General

The Library participates in the Public School Retirement System of the School District of Kansas City, Missouri (the Retirement System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The Retirement System is a defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all full-time employees of the District and the Library. All full-time permanent employees become members of the Retirement System as a condition of their employment. The Public School Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to: Public School Retirement System, 324 East 11th Street, Suite 100, Kansas City, Missouri 64106, calling 816.472.5800 or by visiting their website at www.kcprs.org.

The Retirement System was established by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri. The Board of Trustees of the Retirement System administer and operate the Plan in accordance with the statutes of the State of Missouri. The Retirement System has three plans in which its members participate: Plan A for members hired before 1961, Plan B for members hired after 1961 and Plan C for members hired on or after January 1, 2014. All current Library employees are members of Plans B and C. Certain significant provisions of Plans B and C are described below.

#### **Pension Benefits**

Plan B and Plan C members, who attain a total of at least 75 and 80 credits, are entitled to the annual service retirement allowance, equal to 2% and 1.75% (1.75% if before June 30, 1999), respectively, of the average final compensation multiplied by years of creditable service, subject to a maximum of 60% of average final compensation. One credit is equal to each year of creditable service and each year of age with both years of creditable service and years of age prorated for fractional years. A year of creditable service is defined as a minimum of 25 hours per week for nine calendar months.

Early retirement is permitted and members may retire under the age of 50 with 30 years of service; however, benefits are actuarially reduced by each month of retirement before age 60 and 62 for Plan B and Plan C members, respectively. If members terminate before rendering five years of service or take a lump-sum distribution, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to the employer's contribution. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions plus interest as a lump-sum distribution upon retirement or termination or they may elect to receive their accumulated plan benefits in various optional forms of annuities payable monthly from retirement.

Missouri state legislation, effective October 1981, provided for an increase in monthly benefits to retirees age 75 or older who have been retired for at least five years. Annually, the Board of Trustees of the Retirement System shall determine if the investment return, as determined by the actuary, is sufficient to permit a benefit increase.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Pension Benefit Adjustments

The Board of Trustees shall determine annually whether or not the Retirement System can provide an increase in benefits for those retirees who, as of January 1 preceding the date of such increase, have been retired at least one year. Any increase also applies to optional retirement allowances paid to a retiree's beneficiary. Before any increases are made, the following requirements must be satisfied:

- 1. The Retirement System funded ratio as of January 1 of the preceding year of the proposed increase must be at least 100% after adjusting for the effect of the proposed increase. The funded ratio is the ratio of assets to the pension benefit obligation.
- 2. The actuarially required contribution rate, after adjusting for the effect of the proposed increase, may not exceed the statutory contribution rate.
- 3. The actuary must certify that the proposed increase will not impair the actuarial soundness of the Retirement System.

In accordance with the Benefit Increase Adjustment Policy, if an increase is permissible, the amount of the increase will be equal to the lessor of 3% or the percentage increase in the CPI for the preceding year.

#### Death and Disability Benefits

If an active member dies after becoming eligible for retirement, the designated beneficiary may elect to receive a certain portion of the member's service retirement allowance. Active members with five or more years of service who become totally disabled receive a disability retirement allowance equal to the service retirement allowance they have normally accumulated at the time they become disabled, but not less than the minimum disability retirement allowance. The minimum disability retirement allowance shall be the lesser of:

- 1. 25% of the member's average final compensation; or
- 2. The member's service retirement benefits.

#### Contributions Required and Contributions Made

The Missouri Revised Statues 169.350.4 and 169.291.16 specify that for calendar year 2014 and each subsequent year, the employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate shall be the same percentage of compensation, each not less than 7.5% of compensation and not more than 9% of compensation. Within this permitted range, the rate may be changed (increased or decreased) in increments of 0.5% each year. The objective is that the combined employee and employer contribution will be the amount actuarially required to cover the normal cost and amortize the unfunded accrued actuarial liability over a period that does not exceed 30 years from the date of the valuation. The rate for each calendar year shall be certified by the Board of Trustees to the employers at least six months prior to the date such rate is to be effective.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The Library, along with members in Plans B and C, are required to contribute 9.0% of earnable annual compensation for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Library's contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was \$703,035.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Library reported a liability of \$14,832,428 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Library's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Library's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2018, the Library's proportion was 3.71%, which was a decrease of 0.09% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Library recognized pension expense of \$3,446,622. At June 30, 2019, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 38,185	\$ 261,161
Changes of assumptions	1,008,199	-
Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments	1,820,230	-
Changes in proportion and differences between the Library's contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	-	196,507
Library's contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date *	354,918	
Total	\$ 3,221,532	\$ 457,668

<sup>\*</sup> The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2020.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2019, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year Ending June 30:

2020		\$ 1,317,566
2021		247,675
2022		217,306
2023		626,399
	-	
	_	\$ 2,408,946

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Price/Wage Inflation 2.75% - 3.50%

Salary increases 5.00%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Municipal bond index rate 4.13%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Non-Annuitant projected for 15 years and 7 years from the valuation date for pre-retirement and post-retirement participants, respectively. Mortality rates for disabled participants was based on the RP-2000 Disabled Table for Males and Females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2007 through 2011.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	22.50%	6.80%
International Developed Equity	12.00%	7.50%
Real Estate	12.00%	4.60%
Multi-Asset Class	10.50%	4.20%
International Emerging Equity	10.00%	9.90%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	1.80%
Private Equity	7.50%	11.50%
Hedge Fund of Funds	5.00%	3.80%
International Fixed Income	5.00%	4.20%
Commodities	3.00%	4.30%
High Yield	2.50%	5.00%
	100.00%	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.57% for the year ended December 31, 2018, a decrease of .18% from the 7.75% discount rate utilized on the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that participating employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees through 2069. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through 2069 and then the Plan utilized the municipal bond index rate to determine the total pension liability.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

# Sensitivity of the Library's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability has been calculated using a discount rate of 7.57%. The following presents the Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a discount rate 1% higher (8.57%) and 1% lower (6.57%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.57%)			scount Rate (7.57%)	1% Increase (8.57%)	
Library's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability	\$	18,516,085	\$	14,832,428	\$	11,713,856

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Plan financial report.

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the Library reported a payable of \$16,683 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan.

#### Note 5: Deferred Compensation Plan

The Library offers its employees four deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 403(b). These plans, available to all Library employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Library makes no contributions to the plans and reserves the right to amend, cancel or augment the plans. Employee contributions for all plans were \$138,137 for the year ended June 30, 2019. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, including income attributed to such amounts, are placed in a trust which is not the property of the Library. Therefore, assets and liabilities related to the deferred compensation plan are not included in the basic financial statements.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 6: Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance ne 30, 2018	A	dditions	R	eductions	Balance ne 30, 2019	mounts Due Within One Year
Long-term debt							
Lease payable	\$ 3,595,000	\$	-	\$	475,000	\$ 3,120,000	\$ 485,000
Total long-term debt	3,595,000		-		475,000	 3,120,000	485,000
Other long-term liabilities							
Compensated absences *	1,608,809		897,667		1,234,233	1,272,243	1,217,558
Retirement system contribution payable	36,427		16,683		36,427	16,683	16,683
Total other long-term liabilities	1,645,236		914,350		1,270,660	 1,288,926	1,234,241
Total long-term obligations	\$ 5,240,236	\$	914,350	\$	1,745,660	\$ 4,408,926	\$ 1,719,241

<sup>\*</sup>Compensated absences and retirement system liabilities are traditionally liquidated in the General Fund.

#### Lease Purchase Agreement

The lease purchase agreement with Clayton Holdings, LLC was entered into during 2016 in the original amount of \$4,480,000 dated November 22, 2016, and bears interest at 1.920%. The lease payments are payable in semi-annual installments through June 1, 2026. The lease payments are secured by certain personal property, fixtures and leasehold improvements of the Central branch library building and annex building.

The debt service requirements as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		otal to be Paid	Р	rincipal	ı	nterest
2020	\$	544,904	\$	485,000	\$	59,904
2021		550,592		500,000		50,592
2022		545,992		505,000		40,992
2023		551,296		520,000		31,296
2024		556,312		535,000		21,312
2025-2026		586,616		575,000		11,616
	\$	3,335,712	\$	3,120,000	\$	215,712

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 7: Lease Commitments

The Library currently has annually renewable lease commitments for its Sugar Creek branch location and certain office equipment.

#### Plaza Facility

In March 1999, the Library entered into a lease and development agreement with Plaza Colonnade, LLC for the construction of a library in exchange for the development rights and a 99-year leasehold estate for the remainder of the site located at 4801 Main, Kansas City, Missouri. The previous Library facility at this site has been demolished. An amendment in 2004 terminated the developer's obligation to finish the Plaza library facility in exchange for a \$2,500,000 payment to the Library. The value of the building along with the payment received in consideration to enter the lease agreement was recognized as deferred rental revenue on the balance sheets at the time of occupancy.

The developer has built a multi-floor project on the leased site, which is rented by the developer to other tenants. The Library paid the common area maintenance costs of \$85,000 per year from January 2005 to December 2007 for the new building as required by the latest amendment. Such costs are scheduled to increase 3% each year for the remaining term of the lease from 2008 to 2100, as set forth in the amendment. At the end of the developer's leasehold estate, the land and all improvements will revert to the Library.

In 2004, the lease and development agreement was amended, which terminated the developer's obligation to furnish certain tenant finish improvements to the Plaza Library facility in exchange for a cash payment of \$2,500,000, which was recognized as a contribution in the fund financial statement in 2005. This payment, along with the value of the cost of construction attributable to the Library's share of the building, which approximated \$9,115,000, was recorded as a contributed capital asset on the government-wide statements. The total value contributed was recorded as deferred rental revenue to recognize the total value of the assets contributed to the Library as an incentive to enter into the original ground lease with the developer. The capital asset for the Library facility is being depreciated over its expected useful life on a straight-line basis in accordance with the Library's depreciation policies. In addition, the deferred rent is being recognized on a straight-line basis over the 99-year term of the ground lease. The Library recognized \$121,941 of deferred rental revenue for the year ended June 30, 2019, in the government-wide statement of activities.

The value of any donations from third parties, with respect to any of the above mentioned facilities, whether in cash or in-kind, as well as any related assets or obligations, were recorded on the Library's books of account when the underlying events occurred that resulted in a benefit to the Library.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Under current leases, the minimum annual rental payments and the common area maintenance costs will be as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Fiscal Year Ending Amount June 30, A									
Julie 30,	Amount	Julie 30,	Amount							
2020 2021	\$ 151,063 134,898	2050-2054 2055-2059	\$ 1,585,155 1,837,630							
2022	130,500	2060-2064	2,130,320							
2023	134,415	2065-2069	2,469,631							
2024	138,447	2070-2074	2,862,980							
2025-2029	757,083	2075-2079	3,318,977							
2030-2034	877,666	2080-2084	3,847,598							
2035-2039	1,017,452	2085-2089	4,460,415							
2040-2044	1,179,505	2090-2094	5,170,845							
2045-2049	1,367,369	2095-2099	5,994,428							
		2100-2101	1,973,039							
		Total	\$ 41,539,416							

Total rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$153,339.

#### Note 8: Commitments and Contingencies

The Library receives federal and state financial assistance in the form of grants. Entitlement to these resources generally is contingent upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal and/or state regulations, including the expenditures of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by grantors. Any disallowance as a result of these audits becomes a liability of the Library. Based on prior experience, the Library expects such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The Library is a party to certain claims as a result of various matters and complaints arising in the ordinary course of Library activities. The Library's management believes the potential claims against the Library, if any, resulting from such matters would not have a material effect on the financial position of the Library.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 9: Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund transfers made in the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

			End	lowment	(	nsfers To Capital velopment	Gif	ts/Grants		
Transfers From		Fund		Fund	Dev	Fund	<u> </u>	Fund		Total
General Endowment Capital development Gifts/Grants Fund Proprietary	\$	5,010 18,711 451,548 165,000	\$	2,559 - -	\$	500,000	\$	15,683 39,226	\$	515,683 46,795 18,711 451,548 165,000
Total	\$	640,269	\$	2,559	\$	500,000	\$	54,909	\$	1,197,737
Transfers from/to other  General Fund to Gift operating activities	s/Gran			ollowing:				\$		15,683
General Fund to Cap capital expenditure		evelopment	Fund	for					5	00,000
Endowment Fund to	Genera	al Fund for	opera	ting activit	ties					5,010
Endowment Fund to allocation	Endov	vment Fund	for pi	roject						2,559
Endowment Fund to operating activities		Grants Fund	ls for							39,226
Capital Development operating activities		to General	Fund	for						18,711
Gifts/Grants Funds to operating activities		eral Fund fo	r						4	51,548
Proprietary Fund to	Genera	l Fund for o	perati	ing activiti	ies				1	65,000
								\$	1,1	97,737

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 10: Donor Endowments

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Endowment Fund experienced \$70,487 of contributions and net appreciation on assets. The amount of net appreciation available for expenditure was \$70,357 at June 30, 2019, and is included in assigned to the endowment fund on the balance sheet. The Library's governing body has interpreted the State of Missouri Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act as requiring preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. It is the policy of management not to allocate interest earnings on endowments for expenditures until the endowment reaches a balance of \$1,000.

#### Note 11: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

The Library categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Library has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

- Repurchase agreement of \$12,449,000 is valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Federal agency securities of \$1,822,544 are valued using quoted prices for similar assets, quoted prices in markets that are not active or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets (Level 2 inputs)
- Pooled investments held at the Greater Kansas City Community Foundation (GKCCF) of \$2,132,415 are valued using quoted prices for similar assets, quoted prices in markets that are not active or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets (Level 2 inputs)

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 12: Tax Abatements

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Library's property tax revenue was reduced through abatements and diversions through various incentive granting agencies and entities with an impact to the Library totaling an estimated \$2,742,974, under the following programs:

Tax Abatement Program	Amount of Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year
Tax Increment Financing	\$ 989,310
Chapter 353 and PIEA Abatement	1,272,658
Chapter 100 Bonds	203,184
LCRA	190,909
EEZ	31,929
PortKC	53,334
	\$ 2,741,324

The Library is subject to tax abatements and diversions granted or entered into by other governmental entities through various incentive granting agencies and entities as outlined below:

- Tax Increment Financing Grants tax diversion to promote new investment, infrastructure improvements and job growth by providing financial assistance and incentive to redevelopers. Created pursuant to Section 99.800 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri (RSMo) and City Ordinance 54556.
- Planned Industrial Expansion Authority (PIEA) Grants abatements in the urban core to cure blight and promote quality high density redevelopment. Created pursuant to Sections 100.300 to 100.620 RSMo and City Ordinance 34677.
- Chapter 353 Tax Abatement Grants tax abatement to encourage investment and assist in the removal of blight and blighting conditions within urban redevelopment areas. Created pursuant to Sections 353.010 to 353.190 RSMo and City Ordinance 140306.
- Land Clearance for Redevelopment Authority (LCRA) Grants abatement to encourage investment and assist in the removal of blight and blighting conditions with urban renewal areas. Created pursuant to Sections 99.300 to 99.715 RSMo and City Ordinance 16120.
- Chapter 100 Bonds The City of Kansas City can issue taxable bonds to assist with the
  construction or rehabilitation of eligible commercial facilities. The City takes formal
  ownerships of the business assets and, therefore, provides property (real and personal)
  abatement for up to 10 years. Created pursuant to Sections 100.010 to 100.200 RSMo.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

- Port Authority of Kansas City Missouri (PortKC) Reduces taxes to enhance economic vitality as a redevelopment authority through transportation, trade and commerce and riverfront development. Created pursuant to Section 68 RSMo and City Ordinance 47523.
- Enhance Enterprise Zone (EEZ) Grants property tax abatement to encourage job creation and investment by providing tax credits and property tax abatement to new or expanding businesses located in an EEZ. Created pursuant to Sections 135.950 to 135.973 RSMo and City Ordinances 051411, 051412 and 051413.



# Schedule of the Library's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public School Retirement System of the School District of Kansas City, Missouri Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Library's proportion of the net pension liability	3.71%	3.80%	3.90%	4.06%	4.15%
Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,832,428	\$ 11,549,568	\$ 10,506,074	\$ 10,591,170	\$7,508,920
Library's covered payroll	7,146,779	7,131,259	7,086,760	6,772,602	6,896,195
Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	207.54%	161.96%	148.25%	156.38%	108.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	60.10%	69.31%	70.09%	70.93%	79.44%

**Note to Schedule:** This schedule is intended to show a ten-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

# Schedule of Library Contributions Public School Retirement System of the School District of Kansas City, Missouri Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019		2018			2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	647,906	\$	641,867	\$	636,430	\$ 587,212	\$ 550,376	
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		647,906		641,867		636,430	587,212	550,376	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	
Library's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,146,779	\$	7,131,259	\$	7,086,760	\$ 6,772,602	\$6,896,195	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.07%		9.00%		8.98%	8.67%	7.98%	

**Note to Schedule:** This schedule is intended to show a ten-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

**Changes of benefit and funding terms:** The following changes to the plan provisions were reflected in the valuation performed as of January 1 listed below:

2018: The 2018 Missouri General Assembly passed a bill which changed the System's contribution policy beginning January 1, 2019 with respect to employers covered by the System. In accordance with the new legislation, the employer contribution rate will increase by 10.50% of pay effective January 1, 2019 and 12.00% of pay effective January 1, 2020. Beginning July 1, 2021, the employer contribution rate will be the greater of (1) the actuarial required contribution rate, as determined in the valuation prepared for the prior calendar year, less the member contribution rate, or (2) 12.00% of pay, until the System is fully funded. Once the System is fully funded, the employer contribution rate may increase or decrease in subsequent years, depending on valuation results and the employer contribution rate may decrease from 9.00% depending on valuation results. However, such changes are subject to statutory limitations.

2017: None

2016: New early retirement factors were adopted by the Board in June 2015 to update the factors to reflect the current actuarial assumptions.

2015: The Board increased the contribution rate for both members and employees from 8.5% of pay to 9.0% of pay, effective January 1, 2016.

2014: Under legislation passed in 2013, the Board may adjust the member and employer contribution rate each year by no more than 0.50% each. The contribution rate can fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.0%. The Board increased the contribution rate for both members and employers to 8.5% of pay, effective January 1, 2015 and 9.0% of pay, effective January 1, 2016.

In addition, legislation in 2013 created a new set of plan provisions for members hired after December 31, 2013, referred to as Plan C. The key differences between Plan B and Plan C are a lower benefit multiplier (1.75% instead of 2.00%) and different requirements for unreduced benefits (age 62 or Rule of 80 rather than age 60 or Rule of 75). These changes are effective for those hired on or after January 1, 2014.

#### **Changes in actuarial assumptions:**

January 1, 2018: Non-disabled mortality tables were updated to reflect an additional year of mortality improvements.

January 1, 2017 Valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- The inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- The assumed interest rate credited on employee account balances was lowered from 5.00% to 3.25%.
- The general wage increase assumption was set at 3.50%.
- The payroll growth assumption was set at 3.00%.

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

- The mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table, with a one-year age setback for females, no adjustment for males. Mortality improvements are projected 7 years from the valuation date for retirees and beneficiaries and 15 years for actives, using Scale MP-2016.
- Retirement rates were modified to partially reflect observed experience.
- Termination rates were changed to be pure service-based rates.
- Disability rate was reduced by 50%.
- The amortization of the UAAL was changed to a "layered" approach with new pieces of UAAL amortized over a closed 20-year period beginning on the valuation date. The UAAL as of January 1, 2017, is being amortized over a closed 30-year period. Amortization payments are determined under the level percentage of payroll method.

January 1, 2015 Valuation: Non-disabled mortality tables were updated to reflect an additional year of mortality improvements.

January 1, 2014 Valuation: Non-disabled mortality tables were updated to reflect an additional year of mortality improvements.



# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Trustees Kansas City Public Library Kansas City, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit and each major fund of the Kansas City Public Library (the Library), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2019.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Library's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



**Board of Trustees** Kansas City Public Library Page 2

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Library's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Library's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kansas City, Missouri

BKD,LLP

September 20, 2019

## Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2019

Reference		
Number	Finding	

No matters are reportable.



### Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 39,115,596	\$ 37,450,607	\$ 36,362,704	\$ 35,427,070	\$ 36,245,586	\$ 35,479,577	\$ 35,354,440	\$ 34,766,845	\$ 34,271,827	\$ 33,614,592
Restricted	4,927,590	4,642,414	4,952,645	5,220,846	5,148,320	6,016,920	5,668,509	6,103,315	5,652,573	5,438,140
Unrestricted	12,243,936	13,235,371	12,381,493	11,676,621	9,248,177	3,474,332	1,740,467	1,714,902	1,448,610	166,733
Total governmental										
activities net position	\$ 56,287,122	\$ 55,328,392	\$ 53,696,842	\$ 52,324,537	\$ 50,642,083	\$ 44,970,829	\$ 42,763,416	\$ 42,585,062	\$ 41,373,010	\$ 39,214,465
							_			
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,607,900	\$ 4,567,437	\$ 4,494,231	\$ 4,425,510	\$ 4,384,274	\$ 4,316,501	\$ 4,267,311	\$ 4,265,238	\$ 4,255,556	\$ 4,169,701
Unrestricted	161,297	163,254	235,719	344,085	320,549	300,385	394,346	447,765	417,951	440,590
Total business-type										
activities net position	\$ 4,769,197	\$ 4,730,691	\$ 4,729,950	\$ 4,769,595	\$ 4,704,823	\$ 4,616,886	\$ 4,661,657	\$ 4,713,003	\$ 4,673,507	\$ 4,610,291
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 43,723,496	\$ 42,018,044	\$ 40,856,935	\$ 39,852,580	\$ 40,629,860	\$ 39,796,078	\$ 39,621,751	\$ 39,032,083	\$ 38,527,383	\$ 37,784,293
Restricted	4,676,125	4,642,414	4,952,645	5,220,846	5,148,320	6,016,920	5,668,509	6,103,315	5,652,573	5,438,140
Unrestricted	12,656,698	13,398,625	12,617,212	12,020,706	9,568,726	3,774,717	2,134,813	2,162,667	1,866,561	607,323
Total primary government										
net position	\$ 61,056,319	\$ 60,059,083	\$ 58,426,792	\$ 57,094,132	\$ 55,346,906	\$ 49,587,715	\$ 47,425,073	\$ 47,298,065	\$ 46,046,517	\$ 43,829,756

Note: During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Library adopted GASB 68 and 65, respectively. Previous years have not been restated for adoption of GASB 68 or 65.

# Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year											
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
Expenses												
Governmental activities	\$ 21,390,749	\$ 19,843,177	\$ 20,335,539	\$ 20,040,879	\$ 20,326,059	\$ 20,270,897	\$ 21,517,578	\$ 21,705,480	\$ 22,305,094	\$ 25,360,270		
Business-type activities	370,032	346,354	351,339	366,307	350,670	395,028	370,624	385,673	441,230	471,933		
Total primary government expenses	21,760,781	20,189,531	20,686,878	20,407,186	20,676,729	20,665,925	21,888,202	22,091,153	22,746,324	25,832,203		
Program revenues												
Governmental activities												
Charges for services	851,637	789,466	753,466	782,677	708,833	709,862	676,389	759,345	810,666	837,037		
Operating grants and contributions	2,276,952	1,012,627	1,968,066	1,488,113	1,899,180	3,293,911	1,819,461	2,716,395	1,319,311	2,488,204		
Capital grants and contributions	21,348,968	103,332	23,333	1,000	40,500	17,500	102,997	27,467	358,200			
Total governmental activities program revenues	24,477,557	1,905,425	2,744,865	2,271,790	2,648,513	4,021,273	2,598,847	3,503,207	2,488,177	3,325,241		
Business-type activities												
Charges for services	401,081	342,848	400,598	455,952	385,898	382,091	549,124	302,019	556,734	573,717		
Total business-type activities program revenues	401,081	342,848	400,598	455,952	385,898	382,091	549,124	302,019	556,734	573,717		
Total primary government program revenue	24,878,638	2,248,273	3,145,463	2,727,742	3,034,411	4,403,364	3,147,971	3,805,226	3,044,911	3,898,958		
Net revenues (expenses)												
Governmental activities	3,086,808	(17,937,752)	(17,590,674)	(17,769,089)	(17,677,546)	(16,249,624)	(18,918,731)	(18,202,273)	(19,816,917)	(22,035,029)		
Business-type activities	31,049	(3,506)	49,259	89,645	35,228	(12,937)	178,500	216,346	125,504	101,784		
Total net revenues (expenses)	3,117,857	(17,941,258)	(17,541,415)	(17,679,444)	(17,642,318)	(16,262,561)	(18,740,231)	(17,985,927)	(19,691,413)	(21,933,245)		

Note: During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Library adopted GASB 68 and 65, respectively. Previous years have not been restated for adoption of GASB 68 or 65.

(Continued)

# Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year											
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
General revenues and other changes in net position												
Governmental activities												
Property taxes	\$ 15,689,670	\$ 16,860,021	\$ 15,845,799	\$ 16,315,300	\$ 16,002,644	\$ 16,639,889	\$ 16,381,863	\$ 17,563,007	\$ 18,002,841	\$ 19,153,517		
Investment income (loss)	103,224	66,023	33,381	(52,173)	97,440	99,889	89,888	145,346	298,132	480,374		
Transfers	80,000	35,000	50,000	50,000	100,000	75,000	145,000	165,000	165,000	165,000		
Capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other general revenues	59,457	17,978	29,944	31,972	6,915	44,565	94,567	150,566	138,892	82,593		
Total governmental activities	15,932,351	16,979,022	15,959,124	16,345,099	16,206,999	16,859,343	16,711,318	18,023,919	18,604,865	19,881,484		
Business-type activities												
Investment income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Transfers	(80,000)	(35,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(100,000)	(75,000)	(145,000)	(165,000)	(165,000)	(165,000)		
Capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,271	-	-	-		
Other general revenues												
Total business-type activities	(80,000)	(35,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(100,000)	(75,000)	(133,729)	(165,000)	(165,000)	(165,000)		
Total primary government	15,852,351	16,944,022	15,909,124	16,295,099	16,106,999	16,784,343	16,577,589	17,858,919	18,439,865	19,716,484		
Changes in net position												
Governmental activities	19,019,159	(958,730)	(1,631,550)	(1,423,990)	(1,470,547)	609,719	(2,207,413)	(178,354)	(1,212,052)	(2,153,545)		
Business-type activities	(48,951)	(38,506)	(741)	39,645	(64,772)	(87,937)	44,771	51,346	(39,496)	(63,216)		
Total primary government	\$ 18,970,208	\$ (997,236)	\$ (1,632,291)	\$ (1,384,345)	\$ (1,535,319)	\$ 521,782	\$ (2,162,642)	\$ (127,008)	\$ (1,251,548)	\$ (2,216,761)		

Note: During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Library adopted GASB 68 and 65, respectively. Previous years have not been restated for adoption of GASB 68 or 65.

# Kansas City Public Library Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year																	
	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016	2017		2018		2019
General fund																		
Committed	\$ 247,1	00	\$ 237,948	\$	243,957	\$	250,666	\$	277,102	\$	288,503	\$	322,713	\$ 320,335	\$	-	\$	-
Assigned	2,168,7	02	2,162,541		2,176,770		2,171,212		2,115,251		2,145,753		1,921,093	1,784,418		1,608,809		1,272,251
Unassigned	8,003,8	94	9,719,401	_	9,639,703		10,147,228	_	8,117,349	_	8,280,991		7,964,349	 8,394,443	_	9,028,597	_	9,404,964
Total general fund	\$ 10,419,6	96	\$ 12,119,890	\$	12,060,430	\$	12,569,106	\$	10,509,702	\$	10,715,247	\$	10,208,155	\$ 10,499,196	\$	10,637,406	\$	10,677,215
All other governmental funds																		
Nonspendable																		
Endowment fund principal	\$ 2,664,5	55	\$ 2,665,064	\$	2,665,522	\$	2,665,036	\$	2,708,685	\$	3,058,323	\$	3,058,633	\$ 3,058,743	\$	3,058,873	\$	3,059,003
Restricted																		
Debt service	654,2	50	644,243		644,285		644,143		644,180		644,186		644,196	-		-		-
Capital improvements	383,2	51	481,718		400,051		401,051		401,551		901,551		852,690	1,528,289		1,301,551		1,153,724
Programming requirements	1,191,3	94	851,389		1,242,787		1,510,616		1,393,904		1,412,860		1,112,990	2,539,785		1,292,149		1,225,413
Committed																		
Endowment fund		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	-		1,091,522		2,132,415
Assigned																		
Endowment fund	131,7	86	150,096		125,025		126,344		121,353		132,281		56,096	61,069		85,015		111,136
Debt service fund	34,1	30		_		_	43	_		_		_		 	_		_	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 5,059,3	76	\$ 4,792,510	\$	5,077,670	\$	5,347,233	\$	5,269,673	\$	6,149,201	\$	5,724,605	\$ 7,187,886	\$	6,829,110	\$	7,681,691

## Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year												
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
Revenues													
Property taxes	\$ 15,679,320	\$ 16,881,422	\$ 15,849,058	\$ 16,451,358	\$ 15,845,002	\$ 16,782,445	\$ 16,247,980	\$ 17,667,159	\$ 18,155,778	\$ 19,068,377			
Grants	1,148,160	299,881	1,042,913	707,427	907,260	731,373	605,288	430,354	746,205	511,375			
State and federal funds	441,848	402,729	380,811	418,763	505,696	429,941	873,500	248,249	235,888	246,829			
Charges for services	851,637	789,466	753,466	782,677	708,833	709,862	676,389	759,345	810,666	837,037			
Investment income (loss)	103,224	66,023	33,381	(488)	97,440	99,889	89,888	145,346	298,132	480,374			
Contributions	644,250	919,952	1,252,631	1,229,894	1,044,744	1,133,789	821,654	2,340,903	680,475	1,608,059			
Other	59,457	17,978	29,944	31,972	6,915	44,565	94,567	150,566	138,892	82,593			
Total revenues	18,927,896	19,377,451	19,342,204	19,621,603	19,115,890	19,931,864	19,409,266	21,741,922	21,066,036	22,834,644			
Expenditures													
Program services													
Salaries and fringe benefits	10,201,223	9,996,844	10,475,820	10,596,204	10,659,283	10,621,745	11,272,083	11,255,418	11,881,203	11,867,868			
Library materials	2,179,503	2,361,038	2,826,621	2,380,819	2,566,864	2,607,439	2,346,761	2,214,509	2,291,248	2,242,771			
General operating	2,911,552	2,588,162	2,844,126	2,345,915	2,231,265	2,026,159	2,444,595	2,309,209	2,910,117	3,425,003			
Building operating	2,467,021	2,043,680	1,928,965	2,551,911	2,699,597	2,627,872	2,896,853	2,816,034	2,723,816	3,071,281			
Debt service	739,404	610,743	673,592	725,737	2,729,534	612,644	612,301	569,675	548,048	544,024			
Capital outlay	9,726,311	378,656	417,380	292,778	466,311	425,932	913,361	1,042,755	1,097,170	956,307			
Total expenditures	28,225,014	17,979,123	19,166,504	18,893,364	21,352,854	18,921,791	20,485,954	20,207,600	21,451,602	22,107,254			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues													
over (under) expenditures	(9,297,118)	1,398,328	175,700	728,239	(2,236,964)	1,010,073	(1,076,688)	1,534,322	(385,566)	727,390			
Other financial sources (uses)													
Transfers in	9,853,198	1,463,856	1,836,181	1,570,549	3,869,297	1,749,857	1,424,019	1,667,791	695,347	1,197,737			
Transfers out	(9,773,198)	(1,428,856)	(1,786,181)	(1,520,549)	(3,769,297)	(1,674,857)	(1,279,019)	(1,502,791)	(530,347)	(1,032,737)			
Issuance of debt	8,557,260	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,480,000	-	-			
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,425,000)	-	-			
Capital contributions													
-	8,637,260	35,000	50,000	50,000	100,000	75,000	145,000	220,000	165,000	165,000			
	\$ (659,858)	\$ 1,433,328	\$ 225,700	\$ 778,239	\$ (2,136,964)	\$ 1,085,073	\$ (931,688)	\$ 1,754,322	\$ (220,566)	\$ 892,390			

### General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Program Services		Capital Outlay		Other		Debt Service	Totals		
2009 – 2010	\$ 17,759,299	\$	9,726,311	\$	-	\$	739,404	\$	28,225,014	
2010 - 2011	16,989,724		378,656		-		610,743		17,979,123	
2011 - 2012	18,075,532		417,380		-		673,592		19,166,504	
2012 - 2013	17,874,849		292,778		-		725,737		18,893,364	
2013 - 2014	18,157,009		466,311		-		2,729,534		21,352,854	
2014 - 2015	17,883,215		425,932		-		612,644		18,921,791	
2015 - 2016	18,960,292		913,361		-		612,301		20,485,954	
2016 - 2017	18,595,170		1,042,755		-		569,675		20,207,600	
2017 - 2018	19,806,384		1,097,170		-		548,048		21,451,602	
2018 - 2019	20,606,923		956,307		-		544,024		22,107,254	

Includes only governmental funds.

### General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Property Fiscal Year Taxes		Grants		State and Federal Funds		Charges for Services		Interest		Contributions		Other		Total	
2009 – 2010	\$ 15,679,320	\$ 1,148,160	\$	441,848	\$	851,637	\$	103,224	\$	644,250	\$	59,457	\$	18,927,896	
2010 - 2011	16,881,422	299,881		402,729		789,466		66,023		919,952		17,978		19,377,451	
2011 - 2012	15,849,058	1,042,913		380,811		753,466		33,381		1,252,631		29,944		19,342,204	
2012 - 2013	16,451,358	707,427		418,763		782,677		(488)		1,229,894		31,972		19,115,890	
2013 - 2014	15,845,002	907,260		505,696		708,833		97,440		1,044,744		6,915		19,921,603	
2014 - 2015	16,782,445	731,373		429,941		709,862		99,889		1,133,789		44,565		19,931,864	
2015 - 2016	16,247,980	605,288		873,500		676,389		89,888		821,654		94,567		19,409,266	
2016 - 2017	17,667,159	430,354		248,249		759,345		145,346		2,340,903		150,566		21,741,922	
2017 - 2018	18,155,778	746,205		235,888		810,666		298,132		680,475		138,892		21,066,036	
2018 - 2019	19,068,377	511,375		246,829		837,037		480,374		1,608,059		82,593		22,834,644	

Includes only governmental funds.

# Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

2009 - 2010 \$ 15,414,201 \$ 14,837,105 96.3% \$ 1,108,028 \$ 15,945,133 103.4% \$ 1,089,421	Taxes to Current Tax Levy
	7.1%
2010 – 2011 15,350,531 14,782,342 96.3% 1,463,330 16,245,672 105.8% 1,082,349	7.1%
2011 – 2012 15,306,588 14,336,360 93.7% 1,071,578 15,407,938 100.7% 1,085,233	7.1%
2012 - 2013 15,020,972 14,657,869 97.6% 1,430,004 16,087,873 107.1% 1,043,711	6.9%
2013 - 2014 15,203,529 14,669,326 96.5% 1,050,541 15,719,867 103.4% 1,069,583	7.0%
2014 - 2015 15,306,306 15,206,848 99.4% 1,242,669 16,449,517 107.5% 998,760	6.5%
2015 - 2016	6.3%
2016 - 2017 15,959,561 15,982,304 100.1% 1,326,222 17,308,526 108.5% 976,686	6.1%
2017 - 2018 16,526,221 16,551,952 100.2% 1,179,724 17,731,676 107.3% 964,812	5.8%
2018 - 2019 17,928,580 17,893,329 99.8% 996,629 18,889,958 105.4% 968,330	

<sup>(1)</sup> Amount includes real estate, personal property and replacement merchant and manufacturing.

# Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

Fiscal Year		Real	Esta	te	Personal Property					Tot	Ratio of Total Assessed to Total Estimated Value			
		Assessed Estimated			Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value		Assessed Value				Estimated Actual Value	
	Value		Actual Value											
2009 – 2010	\$	2,357,194	\$	10,343,406	\$	713,008	\$	2,128,382	\$	3,070,202	\$	12,471,788	24.6%	
2010 - 2011		2,363,636		10,371,671		699,784		2,088,907		3,063,420		12,460,578	24.6%	
2011 - 2012		2,344,838		10,289,187		716,480		2,138,745		3,061,318		12,427,932	24.6%	
2012 - 2013		2,338,720		10,262,339		665,475		1,986,492		3,004,195		12,248,831	24.5%	
2013 - 2014		2,357,053		10,342,788		673,653		2,010,903		3,030,706		12,353,691	24.5%	
2014 - 2015		2,362,433		10,366,392		698,829		2,086,056		3,061,262		12,452,448	24.6%	
2015 - 2016		2,446,793		10,736,566		736,469		2,198,414		3,183,262		12,934,980	24.6%	
2016 - 2017		2,476,378		10,866,386		754,302		2,251,649		3,230,680		13,118,035	24.6%	
2017 - 2018		2,872,526		12,604,689		770,907		2,301,214		3,643,432		14,905,903	24.4%	
2018 - 2019		2,754,843		12,088,296		784,857		2,342,856		3,539,700		14,431,152	24.5%	

# Property Tax Rates<sup>(1)</sup> – Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016 - 2017	2017 - 2018	2018 - 2019
Kansas City Public Library	0.4991 %	0.4999 %	0.5000 %	0.5000 %	0.5000 %	0.5000 %	0.4933 %	0.4940 %	0.4676 %	0.5065 %
City of Kansas City	1.4678	1.5294	1.5509	1.5875	1.5932	1.5997	1.5806	1.5906	1.6006	1.6783
City of Independence	0.7028	0.7228	0.7236	0.7281	0.7429	0.7393	0.7165	0.7216	0.7031	0.7105
City of Sugar Creek	1.1300	1.1300	1.1300	1.1300	1.1300	1.1300	1.1182	1.1300	1.0448	1.0469
State of Missouri	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300
Jackson County	0.5430	0.5430	0.5298	0.5298	0.5298	0.5141	0.4956	0.5025	0.4849	0.7013
Metropolitan Community Colleges	0.2266	0.2329	0.2335	0.2349	0.2369	0.2374	0.2343	0.2339	0.2297	0.2305
Kansas City Missouri School District	4.9500	4.9500	4.9500	4.9500	4.9500	4.9500	4.9599	4.9599	4.9599	4.9599
Mental Health Fund	0.1218	0.1218	0.1218	0.1218	0.1218	0.1223	0.1198	0.1201	0.1160	0.1171
Developmentally Disabled	0.0748	0.0748	0.0748	0.0748	0.0748	0.0753	0.0738	0.0738	0.0713	0.0720
Total	9.7459 %	9.8346 %	9.8444 %	9.8869 %	9.9094 %	9.8981 %	9.8220 %	9.8564 %	9.7079 %	10.0530 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Tax rate per \$100 of assessed valuation.

# Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	2018-2	2019	2009-2010		
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (2)	
KC Power & Light	\$ 173,571,889	4.90 % \$	92,298,209	3.01	
Hallmark & Crown	63,466,565	1.79	76,289,547	2.48	
AT&T & SWB	47,504,799	1.34	35,805,231	1.17	
Google Fiber Missouri LLC	41,172,619	1.16	-	0.00	
Country Club Plaza JV LLC	38,323,217	1.08	-	0.00	
Southern Union Company	27,223,084	0.77		0.00	
Town Pavilion Holdings LLC	24,229,114	0.68	16,900,012	0.55	
Union Pacific	18,877,738	0.53	-	0.00	
Twentieth Century Realty Inc.	13,454,144	0.38	15,681,730	0.51	
1200 Chiefs Owner LLC	12,800,000	0.36	-	0.00	
J. C. Nichols & Highwoods Realty	-	0.00	29,482,856	0.96	
FSP Grand Boulevard LLC	-	0.00	16,848,320	0.55	
DST Systems Inc.	-	0.00	14,711,621	0.48	
Kansas City Terminal RR	-	0.00	14,634,715	0.48	
Bayer Corp Science	<del>-</del>	0.00	14,224,228	0.46	
	\$ 460,623,169	12.99 % \$	326,876,469	10.99	

<sup>(1)</sup> Total assessed value for 2018-2019 was \$3,539,699,998

<sup>(2)</sup> Total assessed value for 2009-2010 was \$3,070,202,051

# Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population	Assessed Value	Gross Bonded Debt	Debt Service Available	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2009 – 2010	208,498	\$ 3,070,202,051	\$ 8,430,000	\$ -	\$ 8,430,000	0.27%	40.43%
2010 - 2011	194,122	3,063,419,408	8,200,000	_	8,200,000	0.27%	42.24%
2011 - 2012	194,122	3,061,317,649	7,905,000	-	7,905,000	0.26%	40.72%
2012 - 2013	190,873	3,004,194,305	7,550,000	-	7,550,000	0.25%	39.56%
2013 - 2014	188,538	3,010,705,819	7,185,000	-	7,185,000	0.24%	38.11%
2014 - 2015	190,476	3,061,261,284	4,810,000	-	4,810,000	0.16%	25.25%
2015 - 2016	208,676	3,183,261,357	4,425,000	-	4,425,000	0.14%	21.21%
2016 - 2017	193,025	3,230,680,351	-	-	-	0.00%	21.21%
2017 - 2018	197,126	3,643,432,114	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
2018 - 2019	212,532	3,539,699,998	_	-	_	0.00%	0.00%

#### Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Fund Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal ayments	-	nterest ayments	Total Debt Service	Ex	Total General spenditures	Ratio of Total Debt Service to Total General Fund Expenditures
2009 – 2010	\$ 170,000	\$	294,664	\$ 464,664	\$	28,225,014	1.65%
2010 - 2011	230,000		379,243	609,243		17,979,123	3.39%
2011 - 2012	295,000		373,492	668,492		19,166,504	3.49%
2012 - 2013	355,000		367,437	722,437		18,893,364	3.82%
2013 - 2014	2,365,000		361,234	2,726,234		21,352,854	12.77%
2014 - 2015	375,000		234,344	609,344		18,921,791	3.22%
2015 - 2016	385,000		224,001	609,001		20,485,954	2.97%
2016 - 2017	415,000		151,375	566,375		20,207,600	2.80%
2017 - 2018	470,000		78,048	548,048		21,451,602	2.55%
2018 - 2019	475,000		69,024	544,024		22,107,254	2.46%

# Property Value, Construction and Bank Deposits Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Estimated Actual Property

	Actual Floperty		
Fiscal Year	Value (1)	Construction (2)	Bank Deposits (2)
2009 - 2010	\$ 12,471,787,733	\$ 599,374,877	\$ 27,841,849,000
2010 - 2011	12,460,577,977	680,852,566	33,547,929,000
2011 - 2012	12,427,931,794	614,244,121	36,911,731,000
2012 - 2013	12,248,830,845	380,756,843	16,847,493,000
2013 - 2014	12,353,690,877	772,427,214	19,772,110,000
2014 - 2015	12,452,448,123	1,209,407,303	19,820,000,000
2015 - 2016	12,934,979,819	1,537,671,314	21,118,242,000
2016 - 2017	13,118,035,231	1,234,548,343	23,100,178,000
2017 - 2018	14,905,902,070	1,511,775,959	23,865,359,000
2018 - 2019	14,431,152,303	1,320,017,372	24,993,010,000

- (1) See table "Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property."
- (2) Includes information for all of Jackson County although other public library districts exist in Jackson County; therefore, a portion of these values do not relate to the Library. A breakdown of the above information by individual library districts within Jackson County is not available. Bank deposits include commercial banks and savings and loan associations.

# Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Per Capita									
Population	ı	Personal Income	Personal Income			Unemployment Rate (1)			
	(in	thousands)				13300 (1)			
208,498 (3)	\$	5,118,417	\$	24,549	(3)	10.00%			
194,122 (4)		4,752,883		24,484	(5)	10.60%			
194,122 (4)		4,548,861		23,433	(6)	7.50%			
190,873 (7)		4,564,919		23,916	(7)	7.40%			
188,538 (8)		4,659,151		24,712	(8)	7.40%			
190,476 (9)		4,756,567		24,972	(9)	6.70%			
208,676 (10)		5,296,751		26,131	(11)	4.10%			
193,025 (12)		5,664,512		29,346	(12)	3.90%			
197,126 (13)		5,631,298		28,567	(13)	3.60%			
212,532 (14)		6,040,499		29,164	(14)	3.30%			
	194,122 (4) 194,122 (4) 190,873 (7) 188,538 (8) 190,476 (9) 208,676 (10) 193,025 (12) 197,126 (13)	Population  (in a 208,498 (3) \$ 194,122 (4) 194,122 (4) 190,873 (7) 188,538 (8) 190,476 (9) 208,676 (10) 193,025 (12) 197,126 (13)	(in thousands)  208,498 (3) \$ 5,118,417 194,122 (4) 4,752,883 194,122 (4) 4,548,861 190,873 (7) 4,564,919 188,538 (8) 4,659,151 190,476 (9) 4,756,567 208,676 (10) 5,296,751 193,025 (12) 5,664,512 197,126 (13) 5,631,298	Population         Personal Income (in thousands)           208,498 (3)         \$ 5,118,417         \$ 194,122 (4)         4,752,883           194,122 (4)         4,548,861         4,564,919           188,538 (8)         4,659,151         190,476 (9)         4,756,567           208,676 (10)         5,296,751         193,025 (12)         5,664,512           197,126 (13)         5,631,298	Population         Personal Income         Personal Income           (in thousands)         (in thousands)           208,498 (3)         \$ 5,118,417         \$ 24,549           194,122 (4)         4,752,883         24,484           194,122 (4)         4,548,861         23,433           190,873 (7)         4,564,919         23,916           188,538 (8)         4,659,151         24,712           190,476 (9)         4,756,567         24,972           208,676 (10)         5,296,751         26,131           193,025 (12)         5,664,512         29,346           197,126 (13)         5,631,298         28,567	Population         Personal Income Income         Capita Personal Income           208,498 (3)         \$ 5,118,417         \$ 24,549 (3)           194,122 (4)         4,752,883         24,484 (5)           194,122 (4)         4,548,861         23,433 (6)           190,873 (7)         4,564,919         23,916 (7)           188,538 (8)         4,659,151         24,712 (8)           190,476 (9)         4,756,567         24,972 (9)           208,676 (10)         5,296,751         26,131 (11)           193,025 (12)         5,664,512         29,346 (12)           197,126 (13)         5,631,298         28,567 (13)			

(1) Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

(3) Source: 2008 American Community Survey - Kansas City Public School District

(4) Sources: 2010 Census

(5) Source: 2005-2009 American Community Survey - Kansas City Public School District

(6) Source: 2006-2010 American Community Survey - Kansas City Public School District

(7) Source: 2009-2011 American Community Survey - Kansas City Public School District

(8) Source: 2010-2012 American Community Survey - Kansas City Public School District

(9) Source: 2011-2013 American Community Survey - Kansas City Public School District

(10) Source: 2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-year estimate - Kansas City Public Library District

(11) Source: 2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-year estimate - Kansas City School District

(12) Source: 2015 American Community Survey 1-year estimate - Kansas City Public School District

(13) Source: 2016 American Community Survey 1-year estimate - Kansas City Public School District

(14) Source: 2017 American Community Survey 1-year estimate - Kansas City Public School District

# Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	20	)19	2010			
Employer	Number of Employees (1)	Percent of Total Employment (2)	Number of Employees (3)	Percent of Total Employment (4)		
				_		
Federal Government	20,846	3.3%	37,000	6.8%		
Cerner Corp	14,000	2.2%				
University of Kansas Health System	10,489	1.7%	8,127	1.5%		
HCA Midwest Health System	9,963	1.6%				
Saint Luke's Health System	9,700	1.5%	6,622	1.2%		
Sprint Nextel Corp.			7,300	1.3%		
State of Missouri			6,026	1.1%		

(1) Source: Kansas City Business Journal

(2) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics - Total Nonfarm Employees for Kansas City, MO in May 2018 was 632,300

(3) Source: Kansas City Business Journal - Top Area Private & Public Employers

(4) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics - Total Nonfarm Employees for Kansas City, MO in June 2010 was 544,800

# Full-Time and Part-Time Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-Time and Part-Time Employees as of June 30

		i ui	i i iiiic aiia i	art rillio E	iipioyees as	oi danc do				
Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government	191.89	181.08	184.57	185.20	190.29	189.12	189.78	192.08	192.50	215.83
Business-activity		<u>-</u> .	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> .	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> .	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Total	191.89	181.08	184.57	185.20	190.29	189.12	189.78	192.08	192.50	215.83

# Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Government										
Branches	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Vehicles	5	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	7	7
Maintenance lift	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Collection (Volumes/items owned)	1,158,593	1,147,278	1,106,762	1,036,044	996,270	885,460	872,956	762,658	810,044	822,508

#### Miscellaneous Statistical Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Full-Time Equivalents	Number of Volumes Owned	Number of Materials Circulated	Number of Registered Borrowers
2009 - 2010	191.89	1,158,593	2,462,894	290,222
2010 - 2011	181.08	1,147,278	2,348,408	318,308
2011 - 2012	184.57	1,106,762	2,340,708	270,570
2012 - 2013	185.20	1,036,044	2,053,473	275,468
2013 - 2014	190.29	996,270	2,005,397	214,433
2014 - 2015	189.12	885,460	2,161,016	233,138
2015 - 2016	189.78	872,956	2,087,400	265,349
2016 - 2017	192.08	762,658	1,986,277	224,563
2017 - 2018	192.50	810,044	1,948,409	160,805
2018 - 2019	215.83	822,508	1,927,087	193,646

# Circulation Summary by Location Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Central Library	L.H. Bluford Branch	North-East Branch	Plaza Branch	Southeast Branch	Sugar Creek Branch	Trails West Branch	Waldo Branch	Westport Branch	I.H. Ruiz Branch	Digital Branch (1)	Total
2009 – 2010	767,744	59,131	126,693	670,154	92,596	32,910	247,801	285,304	131,212	49,349		2,462,894
2010 - 2011	752,642	68,117	118,706	607,339	87,022	34,306	235,693	274,699	122,498	47,386		2,348,408
2011 - 2012	724,309	69,126	123,546	560,192	83,496	32,285	214,070	269,088	123,736	42,602	98,258	2,340,708
2012 - 2013	640,522	59,245	93,641	477,748	58,262	25,570	176,705	236,957	81,452	30,641	172,730	2,053,473
2013 - 2014	581,394	51,315	83,728	430,500	59,833	20,541	157,982	206,318	71,262	23,408	319,116	2,005,397
2014 - 2015	536,014	58,012	83,060	428,707	60,687	19,387	141,478	203,123	64,827	21,826	543,895	2,161,016
2015 - 2016	496,529	47,143	72,683	405,117	52,953	15,286	111,914	190,034	57,705	19,655	618,381	2,087,400
2016 - 2017	487,994	42,365	61,580	374,379	41,309	14,964	93,194	175,594	48,769	16,259	629,870	1,986,277
2017 - 2018	498,040	44,172	57,035	356,755	38,033	12,470	85,313	168,855	44,499	15,361	627,876	1,948,409
2018 - 2019	452,027	45,243	53,530	350,097	35,545	11,664	74,841	161,274	39,165	15,998	687,703	1,927,087

# Schedule of Service Locations June 30, 2019

Library Name and Address	Square Feet	•		Number of Hours of Operation/Wk.	Owned/ Leased
Central Library 14 W. 10th Street Kansas City, Missouri 64105	175,000	Meeting Rooms	2,531	63	Owned
Plaza Branch 4801 Main Kansas City, Missouri 64112	51,522	Meeting Rooms	671	73	Owned
L. H. Bluford Branch 3050 Prospect Kansas City, Missouri 64128	15,000	Meeting Rooms	110	59	Owned
North-East Branch 6000 Wilson Road Kansas City, Missouri 64123	15,000	Meeting Rooms	90	63	Owned
Southeast Branch 6242 Swope Parkway Kansas City, Missouri 64130	15,000	Meeting Rooms	90	54	Owned
Trails West Branch 11401 E. 23rd Independence, Missouri 64052	15,000	Meeting Rooms	90	63	Owned
Waldo Branch 201 E. 75th Street Kansas City, Missouri 64114	15,000	Meeting Rooms	90	64	Owned
Westport Branch 118 Westport Road Kansas City, Missouri 64111	7,325	Meeting Room	60	50	Owned
Sugar Creek Branch 102 S. Sterling Sugar Creek, Missouri 64054	2,800	N/A	-	36	Leased
Irene H. Ruiz Branch 2017 W. Pennway Kansas City, Missouri 64108	4,000	Meeting Room	25	45	Leased